

TALKING WITH YOUR DOCTOR

ABOUT EXTENSIVE-STAGE SMALL CELL LUNG CANCER AND **IMFINZI**

This discussion guide is designed to help you have an open and honest conversation with your doctor. He or she can help you understand all your options and what's best for you. Given the few minutes you may have with your doctor, it is important to make the most of your appointments.



REMEMBER, YOUR DOCTOR IS HERE TO HELP YOU.
DON'T BE AFRAID TO ASK QUESTIONS AND DIG DEEPER.



PRINT THESE PAGES AND TAKE THEM TO YOUR
NEXT APPOINTMENT.

What is IMFINZI?

IMFINZI is a prescription medicine used to treat adults with a **type of lung cancer called small cell lung cancer (SCLC)**. IMFINZI may be used **with the chemotherapy medicines etoposide and carboplatin or cisplatin as your first treatment when your SCLC** has spread within your lungs or to other parts of the body (extensive-stage small cell lung cancer, or ES-SCLC).

It is not known if IMFINZI is safe and effective in children.

What is the most important information I should know about IMFINZI?

IMFINZI is a medicine that may treat certain cancers by working with your immune system. IMFINZI can cause your immune system to attack normal organs and tissues in any area of your body and can affect the way they work. These problems can sometimes become severe or life-threatening and can lead to death. You can have more than one of these problems at the same time. These problems may happen anytime during treatment or even after your treatment has ended.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on page 6 and complete Prescribing Information, including Patient Information.

LET'S TALK ABOUT EXTENSIVE-STAGE SMALL CELL LUNG CANCER



What are the most important things I should know about extensive-stage small cell lung cancer?



How will extensive-stage small cell lung cancer affect my day-to-day health?



What can I do to reduce the risk of extensive-stage small cell lung cancer growing or spreading?

TREATING EXTENSIVE-STAGE SMALL CELL LUNG CANCER WITH IMFINZI



IMFINZI is an immunotherapy. What is that?



What are the side effects of IMFINZI?



How will my progress be monitored during treatment with IMFINZI?



How is IMFINZI administered?

TAKING CARE OF YOURSELF



Should I see a nutritionist?



Aside from taking medication, what else can I do to keep my lungs as healthy as possible?

KEEPING IN TOUCH



You will be meeting many healthcare providers throughout your treatment. It might be helpful to discuss with your doctor who is on your treatment team and what their responsibilities are. Please use the space below to record their contact information so you have it all in one place, as an easy reference.

Name: _____

Specialty: _____

Phone/Email: _____ / _____

Name: _____

Specialty: _____

Phone/Email: _____ / _____

Name: _____

Specialty: _____

Phone/Email: _____ / _____

Name: _____

Specialty: _____

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Important Safety Information

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Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening signs or symptoms, including:

Lung problems: cough, shortness of breath, and chest pain

Intestinal problems: diarrhea (loose stools) or more frequent bowel movements than usual; stools that are black, tarry, sticky, or have blood or mucus; and severe stomach-area (abdomen) pain or tenderness

Liver problems: yellowing of your skin or the whites of your eyes, severe nausea or vomiting, pain on the right side of your stomach-area (abdomen), dark urine (tea colored), and bleeding or bruising more easily than normal

Hormone gland problems: headaches that will not go away or unusual headaches; eye sensitivity to light; eye problems; rapid heartbeat; increase sweating; extreme tiredness; weight gain or weight loss; feeling more hungry or thirsty than usual; urinating more often than usual; hair loss; feeling cold; constipation; your voice gets deeper; dizziness or fainting; and changes in mood or behavior, such as decreased sex drive, irritability, or forgetfulness

Kidney problems: decrease in your amount of urine, blood in your urine, swelling of your ankles, and loss of appetite

Skin problems: rash; itching; skin blistering or peeling; painful sores or ulcers in mouth or nose, throat, or genital area; fever or flu-like symptoms; swollen lymph nodes.

Problems can also happen in other organs and tissues. These are not all of the signs and symptoms of immune system problems that can happen with IMFINZI. Call or see your healthcare provider right away for any new or worsening signs or symptoms, which may include: Chest pain, irregular heartbeats, shortness of breath or swelling of ankles; confusion, sleepiness, memory problems, changes in mood or behavior, stiff neck, balance problems, tingling or numbness of the arms or legs; double vision, blurry vision, sensitivity to light, eyepain, changes in eyesight; persistent or severe muscle pain or weakness, muscle cramps; and low red blood cells, bruising

Infusion reactions that can sometimes be severe or life-threatening. Signs and symptoms of infusion reactions may include: chills or shaking, itching or rash, flushing, shortness of breath or wheezing, dizziness, feel like passing out, fever, and back or neck pain

Complications, including graft-versus-host disease (GVHD), in people who have received a bone marrow (stem cell) transplant that uses donor stem cells (allogeneic). These complications can be serious and can lead to death. These complications may happen if you underwent transplantation either before or after being treated with IMFINZI. Your healthcare provider will monitor you for these complications.

Getting medical treatment right away may help keep these problems from becoming more serious. Your healthcare provider will check you for these problems during your treatment with IMFINZI. Your healthcare provider may treat you with corticosteroid or hormone replacement medicines. Your healthcare provider may also need to delay or completely stop treatment with IMFINZI if you have severe side effects.

Before you receive IMFINZI, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- have immune system problems such as Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, or lupus
- have received an organ transplant
- have received or plan to receive a stem cell transplant that uses donor stem cells (allogeneic)
- have received radiation treatment to your chest area
- have a condition that affects your nervous system, such as myasthenia gravis or Guillain-Barré syndrome
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. IMFINZI can harm your unborn baby

Females who are able to become pregnant

- You should use an effective method of birth control during your treatment and for at least 3 months after the last dose of IMFINZI. Talk to your healthcare provider about birth control methods that you can use during this time.
- Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant or think you may be pregnant during treatment with IMFINZI.
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if IMFINZI passes into your breast milk. Do not breastfeed during treatment and for at least 3 months after the last dose of IMFINZI.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

What are the possible side effects of IMFINZI?

IMFINZI can cause serious side effects (see above):

The most common side effects when used with other anticancer medicines with SCLC include nausea, hair loss, and feeling tired or weak.

Tell your doctor if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away. These are not all the possible side effects of IMFINZI. Ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist for more information.

Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects related to AstraZeneca products by clicking [here](#). If you prefer to report these to the FDA, either visit www.FDA.gov/medwatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

Please see complete [Prescribing Information](#), including Patient Information (Medication Guide).

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