



Talking to your doctor about your treatment plan for high-risk NMIBC

Having open, thoughtful discussions with your doctor is an important part of the treatment journey for high-risk non-muscle-invasive bladder cancer (NMIBC).

IMFINZI may be used with Bacillus Calmette-Guérin (BCG) as the first and only combination immunotherapy treatment for adults with high-risk NMIBC who have not previously been treated with BCG.

Download or print this guide, and bring it with you to your next appointment so that you can have an informed discussion about IMFINZI + BCG.

You will receive IMFINZI + BCG for 1 year. Your doctor will determine how often and how long you will receive treatment. You will stop if your side effects are too difficult to manage.



Questions to understand treatment with IMFINZI + BCG

- What are the most important things I should know about my cancer?
- What does it mean that my NMIBC is “high-risk”?
- What is the goal of treatment with IMFINZI + BCG?
- How do IMFINZI and BCG work?
- Based on the clinical trial, what were the results of IMFINZI + BCG for people with high-risk NMIBC?
- Can you walk me through the treatment journey?
- What are the possible side effects of IMFINZI and BCG?
- How can I prepare for treatment?
- Who can I contact if I’m having challenges with IMFINZI or BCG treatment?
- What types of support are available? How can I get in contact with support organizations?

See the next page for questions about the second phase of treatment: continuing to treat high-risk NMIBC with BCG alone.

SELECT SAFETY INFORMATION

What is the most important information I should know about IMFINZI® (durvalumab)?

IMFINZI is a medicine that may treat certain cancers by working with your immune system. IMFINZI can cause your immune system to attack normal organs and tissues in any area of your body and can affect the way they work. These problems can sometimes become severe or life-threatening and can lead to death. You can have more than one of these problems at the same time. These problems may happen anytime during treatment or even after your treatment has ended.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on pages 5-6 and Full Prescribing Information including Medication Guide for IMFINZI.

Discussing the next steps in treatment

Remember that IMFINZI and BCG fight cancer in different ways. After receiving IMFINZI + BCG for 1 year, you will continue to receive BCG alone for up to 1 more year. Your doctor will determine how often and how long you will receive treatment. You will stop if your side effects are too difficult to manage.



Questions to understand the second phase of treatment

- Why do I need to continue treatment with BCG?
- How often will I receive BCG after I've completed treatment with IMFINZI?
- How can I prepare for treatment with BCG? Are there any resources I should look into?
- What advice do you have to help me stay on track with my treatment?



Learn more through advocacy groups

Support organizations like the [Bladder Cancer Advocacy Network \(BCAN\)](#) and the [Urology Care Foundation](#) who create free educational resources to help people living with bladder cancer. If you're looking for more information that can help you understand your diagnosis, they are a great place to start.

Visit IMFINZI.com/nmibc to learn more about treating high-risk NMIBC with IMFINZI + BCG

SELECT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening signs or symptoms, including:

Lung problems: cough, shortness of breath, and chest pain

Intestinal problems: diarrhea (loose stools) or more frequent bowel movements than usual; stools that are black, tarry, sticky, or have blood or mucus; and severe stomach-area (abdomen) pain or tenderness

Liver problems: yellowing of your skin or the whites of your eyes, severe nausea or vomiting, pain on the right side of your stomach area (abdomen), dark urine (tea colored), and bleeding or bruising more easily than normal

Please see additional Important Safety Information on pages 5-6 and Full Prescribing Information including Medication Guide for [IMFINZI](#).

Keep in touch with your care team

You will most likely meet with a few healthcare professionals during treatment. To help keep track of the entire care team, as well as their roles and responsibilities, use the space below to write down their contact information. This can be a reference whenever you need it throughout treatment.



Urologist

Name: _____

Phone/email: _____

Location: _____



Oncologist

Name: _____

Phone/email: _____

Location: _____



Nurse

Name: _____

Phone/email: _____

Location: _____



Other: _____

Name: _____

Phone/email: _____

Location: _____

SELECT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening signs or symptoms, including:

Hormone gland problems: headaches that will not go away or unusual headaches; eye sensitivity to light; eye problems; rapid heartbeat; increased sweating; extreme tiredness; weight gain or weight loss; feeling more hungry or thirsty than usual; urinating more often than usual; hair loss; feeling cold; constipation; your voice gets deeper; dizziness or fainting; and changes in mood or behavior, such as decreased sex drive, irritability, or forgetfulness

Please see additional Important Safety Information on pages 5-6 and Full Prescribing Information including Medication Guide for **IMFINZI**.

This image shows a full page of blank, lined paper. It features approximately 20 horizontal blue lines spaced evenly across the page, typical of notebook or legal stationery. The lines are thin and light blue, set against a plain white background. There are no margins, text, or other markings present.

SELECT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening signs or symptoms, including:

Kidney problems: decrease in your amount of urine, blood in your urine, swelling of your ankles, and loss of appetite

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IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

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Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening signs or symptoms, including:

-  **Lung problems:** cough, shortness of breath, and chest pain
-  **Intestinal problems:** diarrhea (loose stools) or more frequent bowel movements than usual; stools that are black, tarry, sticky, or have blood or mucus; and severe stomach-area (abdomen) pain or tenderness
-  **Liver problems:** yellowing of your skin or the whites of your eyes, severe nausea or vomiting, pain on the right side of your stomach area (abdomen), dark urine (tea colored), and bleeding or bruising more easily than normal
-  **Hormone gland problems:** headaches that will not go away or unusual headaches; eye sensitivity to light; eye problems; rapid heartbeat; increased sweating; extreme tiredness; weight gain or weight loss; feeling more hungry or thirsty than usual; urinating more often than usual; hair loss; feeling cold; constipation; your voice gets deeper; dizziness or fainting; and changes in mood or behavior, such as decreased sex drive, irritability, or forgetfulness
-  **Kidney problems:** decrease in your amount of urine, blood in your urine, swelling of your ankles, and loss of appetite
-  **Skin problems:** rash; itching; skin blistering or peeling; painful sores or ulcers in mouth or nose, throat, or genital area; fever or flu-like symptoms; and swollen lymph nodes
-  **Pancreas problems:** pain in your upper stomach area (abdomen), severe nausea or vomiting, and loss of appetite
-  **Problems can also happen in other organs and tissues. These are not all of the signs and symptoms of immune system problems that can happen with IMFINZI. Call or see your healthcare provider right away for any new or worsening signs or symptoms, which may include:** Chest pain, irregular heartbeats, shortness of breath or swelling of ankles; confusion, sleepiness, memory problems, changes in mood or behavior, stiff neck, balance problems; tingling, numbness or weakness of the arms or legs; double vision, blurry vision, sensitivity to light, eye pain, changes in eye sight; persistent or severe muscle pain or weakness, muscle cramps, joint pain, joint stiffness or swelling; and low red blood cells and bruising
-  **Infusion reactions that can sometimes be severe or life-threatening.** Signs and symptoms of infusion reactions may include: chills or shaking, itching or rash, flushing, shortness of breath or wheezing, dizziness, feel like passing out, fever, and back or neck pain
-  **Rejection of a transplanted organ or tissue.** Your healthcare provider should tell you what signs and symptoms you should report and monitor you depending on the type of organ or tissue transplant that you have had
-  **Complications, including graft-versus-host disease (GVHD), in people who have received a bone marrow (stem cell) transplant that uses donor stem cells (allogeneic).** These complications can be serious and can lead to death. These complications may happen if you underwent transplantation either before or after being treated with IMFINZI. Your healthcare provider will monitor you for these complications

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Getting medical treatment right away may help keep these problems from becoming more serious. Your healthcare provider will check you for these problems during your treatment with IMFINZI. Your healthcare provider may treat you with corticosteroid or hormone replacement medicines. Your healthcare provider may also need to delay or completely stop treatment with IMFINZI if you have severe side effects

Before you receive IMFINZI, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- have immune system problems such as Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, or lupus
- have received an organ or tissue transplant, including corneal transplant
- have received or plan to receive a stem cell transplant that uses donor stem cells (allogeneic)
- have received radiation treatment to your chest area
- have a condition that affects your nervous system, such as myasthenia gravis or Guillain-Barré syndrome
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. IMFINZI can harm your unborn baby

Females who are able to become pregnant:

- Your healthcare provider will give you a pregnancy test before you start treatment with IMFINZI.
- You should use an effective method of birth control during your treatment and for 3 months after the last dose of IMFINZI. Talk to your healthcare provider about birth control methods that you can use during this time.
- Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant or think you may be pregnant during treatment with IMFINZI.
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if IMFINZI passes into your breast milk. Do not breastfeed during treatment and for 3 months after the last dose of IMFINZI.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

What are the possible side effects of IMFINZI?

IMFINZI can cause serious side effects (see page 5).

The most common side effects of IMFINZI when used with Bacillus Calmette-Guérin (BCG) in adults with high-risk NMIBC include increased liver function tests, urinary tract infection, increased level of potassium in blood, pain or discomfort with urination, decreased red blood cells (anemia), blood in urine, increased level of creatinine in the blood, muscle or bone pain, decreased lymphocyte counts, urinate more often, decreased level of sodium in the blood, feeling tired, rash and fever.

Tell your healthcare provider if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away. These are not all the possible side effects of IMFINZI. Ask your healthcare provider or pharmacist for more information.

Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may [report side effects related to AstraZeneca products](#). If you prefer to report these to the FDA, either visit www.FDA.gov/medwatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

What is IMFINZI?

IMFINZI is a prescription medicine used in combination with Bacillus Calmette-Guérin (BCG) to treat **a type of bladder cancer called high-risk non-muscle invasive bladder cancer (NMIBC) that has not spread into the muscle layer of the bladder**, when you have not had prior treatment with BCG.

It is not known if IMFINZI is safe and effective in children.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on [page 5](#) and Full Prescribing Information including Medication Guide for IMFINZI.

IMFINZI is a registered trademark of the AstraZeneca group of companies.

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